Below is list of New England Patriots and total receptions for the 2015 season. Use this data set to graph, find the measures of central tendency, and answer questions.

| Player | Receptions |
| :--- | :--- |
| Danny Amendola | 65 |
| LeGarette Blount | 6 |
| Brandon Bolden | 19 |
| Tom Brady | 1 |
| Scott Chandler | 23 |
| Aaron Dobson | 13 |
| Julian Edelman | 61 |
| Rob Gronkowski | 72 |
| Steven Jackson | 1 |
| Brandon LaFell | 37 |
| Dion Lewis | 36 |
| James White | 40 |
| Michael Williams | 3 |

1) Complete the frequency table below.

| Spread | Tally | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0-19$ |  |  |
| $20-39$ |  |  |
| $40-59$ |  |  |
| $60-79$ |  |  |

2) Create a histogram for the data set. Give it a title and label the horizontal axis and vertical axis.

3) Which values have the greatest number of players? $\qquad$
4) What might be some reasons for the shape of this histogram? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5) Order the values in the data set from least to greatest in the box below.
$\square$
6) Find the minimum, maximum, median, Q1, and Q3 of the data set.

Minimum $\qquad$ Q1 $\qquad$ Median $\qquad$ Q3 $\qquad$ Maximum $\qquad$

## 7) Create a box and whisker plot for the number of receptions for each player.


8) $75 \%$ of the players had at least $\qquad$ receptions.
9) $\qquad$ $\%$ of the players have 23 or more receptions.
10) What is the range of the middle $50 \%$ of the data set? $\qquad$
11) Why is the first quartile so much shorter than the other quartiles? $\qquad$
9) rans

12) Find the mean, mode, and range of the data set.
$\qquad$
Mean $\qquad$ Mode $\qquad$ Range

