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# Target Mean and Magic Sum 

Terms:
Target Mean - the desired mathematical average of a set of numbers
"Magic Sum" - the sum of values in a data set that gives a specific mean


## Objective:

You will learn to find the "magic sum" for a set of data.
You will learn to use the "target mean" to find a missing value in a set of data.

- What if we want to know what missing value needs to be added to the number set $\{25,27,32,38\}$ so that the mean is 30 ?

Steps:


| 1. Identify the mean you want. | Target Mean $=30$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Multiply the mean by the number <br> of values in the data set. | $30 \times 5=150$ <br> $\square$ Magic sum |
| 3. Add the given values in the set. | Number Set: $25,27,32,38, ?$ <br> $25+27+32+38=122$ |
| 4. Subtract that sum from the magic <br> number. | $150-122=28$ <br> Adding a value of 28 will make the <br> mean of the data set 30. |

$\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Examples:

Ex. 1 Kate wants to have a test average of 90 in her math class this term.

Her four test scores so far are: 91, 84, 87, 92
What does she need to get on her fifth test to have a mean of 90 ?
$90 \times 5=450 \leftarrow$ magic number
$91+84+87+92=354$
$450-354=96$

To get a test average of 90 , Kate needs to score a 96 on her fifth test.


## YOU GOT THIS:

1) Goals for Alex's soccer team

Alex's soccer team scored this number of goals in each soccer game this year:

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1,2, o, 1,3,3, o, 4,2
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How many goals must they score in their last game if they want to end the season with an average of 2 goals per game?

